# Math 520 <br> Areas between Curves <br> §6.1 

In this section we will study how to find the area between curves. It will help to remember that each application arises naturally as limit of Riemann sums.

## Area between Curves

The area $A$ of the region bounded by the graphs of continuous functions $y=f(x)$ and $y=g(x)$ and $x=a$, $x=b$ with $f(x) \geq g(x)$ on $[a, b]$ may be approximated by a Riemann sum.

$$
A=\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n}\left[f\left(x_{i}^{*}\right)-g\left(x_{i}^{*}\right)\right] \Delta x_{i}=\int_{a}^{b}\left[(f(x)-g(x)] d x=\int_{a}^{b} y_{\text {top }}-y_{\text {bottom }} d x .\right.
$$



1. (a) Using the axis below, sketch the graphs of $y=x^{3}$ and $y=3-x$.
(b) Shade the region bounded by $y=x^{3}, y=3-x, x=0$, and $x=1$.
(c) Write an expression involving a definite integral that represents the area of the region shaded in (b).


## Solution:

Area of the shaded region is $\int_{0}^{1}(3-x)-x^{3} d x$

2. Write an expression involving a definite integral for the area of the region bounded by $y=(x+1)^{2}$ and $y=x+3$.

Solution: The area of the region is $\int_{-2}^{1}\left[(x+3)-(x+1)^{2}\right] d x$.

3. Write an expression involving a definite integral for the area of the region below.


$$
\text { Solution: } \int_{0}^{1}\left[\left(x^{3}-3 x^{2}+3 x\right)-x\right] d x+\int_{1}^{2}\left[x-\left(x^{3}-3 x^{2}+3 x\right)\right] d x
$$

4. Write an expression involving a definite integral for the area of the regions bounded by $y=2 x$ and $y=8-x^{2}$.

## Solution:

The shaded are is $\int_{-4}^{2}\left(8-x^{2}-2 x\right) d x$

5. Write an expression involving a definite integral for the area of the regions bounded by $y=\cos x$ and $y=\sin x$ on $[0,2 \pi]$.

Solution: The area of the region is $\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{5 \pi}{4}} \cos x-\sin x d x$

6. Write an expression involving a definite integral for the area of the regions bounded by $y=x$, $y=-x$, and $y=2 x-3$.

Solution: The area of the shaded region is

$$
R_{1}+R_{2}=\int_{0}^{1}[x-(-x)] d x+\int_{1}^{3}[x-(2 x-3)] d x=\int_{0}^{1} 2 x d x+\int_{1}^{3}(3-x) d x
$$


7. Write an expression involving a definite integral for the area of the regions bounded by $f(x)=$ $3 x^{3}-x^{2}-10 x$ and $g(x)=-x^{2}+2 x$.

Solution: The area of the shaded region is

$$
\int_{-2}^{0}(f(x)-g(x)) d x+\int_{0}^{-2}(g(x)-f(x)) d x=\int_{-2}^{0}\left(3 x^{3}-12 x\right) d x+\int_{0}^{2}\left(-3 x^{3}+12 x\right) d x .
$$

$$
f(x)=3 x^{3}-x^{2}-10 x
$$



